

## Assistance for the Preparation of Regulations on Livestock Management in Teratak Rendah Village

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### Abstract

Service regarding assistance in drafting Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding livestock management in Logas Tanah darat District, Kuantan Singingi regency. Drafting village regulations is one of the main tasks and functions of the village consultative body so the aim of this service is to assist the BPD of teratak Rendah village in drafting village regulations regarding livestock management. This service activity is carried out using the mentoring method. The result of this service activity is the preparation of Teratak Rendah regulations regarding livestock management that follow the standard rules for drafting village regulations. This preparation went through several stages, namely : planning meeting; preparation; arrangement of language in draft village regulations; village meetings; revision of draft village regulations; deliberation to determine and sign the draft of Teratak Rendah regulations. The formation of Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding the management of livestock has taken into account the requirements of a good statutory regulation, both regarding the principles, substance and techniques of its formation.

**Keywords:** Community service, Teratak Rendah, Assistance, Regulations, Village

### INTRODUCTION

According to legislation No. 16/1967 livestock are domestic animals whose lives are known to their place, their food and their breeding as well as their benefits and are regulated and supervised by humans, kept specifically as producers of materials and services that are useful for the benefit of human life. Livestock is an effort to improve people's lives.

Teratak Rendah Villages is one of the villages in Logas Tanah Darat District with the number of family heads in 2023 reaching 124 families with a total population of 256 people (139 men and 117 women). Employment in this village is dominated by rubber and palm oil planters (83.2%, horticultural farmers (15.5%), traders (1.2%), civil servants (0,2%), traders/enterpreneurs (0.1%). Animal husbandry activities for the village community are not seen as the main business. However, it is only used as a side business or savings that will only be harvested/sold when financial needs are pressed, such as when children are going to school, family members are sick and so on. The dominant type of livestock cultivated in this village is cattle (88.9%); buffalo 28%) and goats (8.3%).

Teratak rendah village, which is led by the village head Mr. Nasripan, also has a Teratak Rendah Village Traditional Institution which collaborates with village government institutions in managing the lives of its people. However, regulations regarding livestock have not been designed well and standardized. These regulations regarding livestock should be published at least in village regulations.

From this livestock sector, the people of Teratak Rendah village have formed a breeder group called “BIKAWAANHAR” with a total of 15 group members. In 2020, 37 head of cattle were provided with assistance from PT. RAPP Community Developments funds as well as assistance from colonial pens. Meanwhile, the initial livestock population of the village residents was 1.112 cattle which were released to live both in oil palm/rubber plantation areas and around villages/settlements.

These released cattle cause many problems in people’s lives. Several accidents occurred between motorbike/car riders who collided with cows belonging to the community in this village. Apart from driver safety, several problems that also arise are differences of opinion between residents which lead to fights caused by some of the residents agricultural commodities being eaten by their neighbors’ cows. Meanwhile, the people of this village also complained about the large amount of cow dung that was scattered both in their yards and along the village roads.

In 2022, the PKM Team Leader will discuss and provide training on processing manure into compost. From these activities and discussions, it was deemed necessary to prepare village regulations regarding the management of livestock in Teratak Rendah Village.

## METHOD

In this PKM activity, the material is the ideas and thoughts of the people of Teratak Rendah, especially the Chairman and members of the BPD of Teratak Rendah village. Apart from that, there are also related laws, related journal articles and all elements of the Teratak Rendah Village Community itself. Meanwhile, the method used to achieve the objectives of this service is a method of assisting the community in preparing plans for Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding livestock management. The approach used in this PKM activity is participatory Action Research (PAR) (Afandy et al., 2022).

The effectiveness and efficiency of this mentoring method is largely determined by the accuracy of the method itself. The bottom up concept was chosen due to the condition of the perpetrators (BPD) who did not really understand the concept of planning. However, to be accepted by the people of Teratak Rendah village, it still goes through an understanding process with the decision being in the people of Teratak Rendah.

This community service activity is carried out in several stages, namely : a planning meeting attended by the village head and officials, head and members of the BPD, ninik mamak, traditional institutions, youth leaders and community organisations in Teratak Rendah Village, then planning the preparation of the village regulations by the head and members. Teratak Rendah village BPD accompanied by the PKM Team, language arrangements and suitability for Teratak rendah.

## RESULTS

Community service activity regarding the preparation of a plan for teratak Rendah village regulations regarding the management of livestock is carried out in several stages, namely :

- Planning meeting for the preparation of Teratak Rendah Village regulations
- Planning for the preparation of teratak Rendah village regulations regarding livestock management began with meetings and discussions between the head and officials of Teratak Rendah village, chairman and members of the BPD, ninik mamak, traditional institutions, youth leaders and community organizations. This activity was accompanied by the PKM Team. In this activity, the PKM Team directed the discussion topic towards agreement on Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding livestock management.
- Preparation of Teratak Rendah village regulations
- This planning activity was carried out using the Focus Group Discussion (FGD) concept. Participants in the FGD activities in preparing the draft village regulations were attended by the chairman and members of the BPD of Teratak Rendah village and guided by the PKM Team.
- Structuring the language in the draft regulations for Teratak Rendah village
- The grammar of this draft regulation is carried out by means of each member of Village Consultative Body being given a copy of the draft material to check the grammar.
- Village meeting regarding draft village regulations
- The Teratak rendah village meeting regarding village regulations was attended by the village head and hid apparatus, chairman and members of the BPD, youth organizations, community leaders, throughout leaders, hamlet heads throughout teratak rendah, representatives of livestock breeders. This meeting aims to absorb ideas and input as a whole from all elements of the low-lying village community as input for improvement.
- Revise draft village regulations
- This revision process was carried out on the basis of ideas and input provided by all elements of the community during village meetings.
- Deliberation to determine and sign the Draft teratak rendah village regulations after the revision of these improvements was carried out, it was continued with the stipulation by signing the Teratak Rendah village regulations.

## DISCUSSION

Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding livestock management were preceded by a PKM team discussion with the village head of Teratak Rendah. Moving on from the condition of the desire of the Teratak rendah village community to live a better and more harmonious life. This condition shows that there are efforts to develop the resilience of village communities which aim to maintain the survival and prosperity of community members (Ihsan, 2015). The follow-up to this activity is to provide assistance, so that the

target community is greatly helped in drafting village regulations. This is also done by (Agus Saputri & Arisanti, 2021) in the context of preparing financial reports towards an independent village. The desire of the community to progress will not be far from the rules and compliance with the rules and patterns of behavior in life, because the benchmark for the success of a village is not seen by how many regulations there are in the community but how those regulations are beneficial to all of the community (Marzuki et al., 2021).

The formation of Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding the management of livestock has taken into account the requirements of a good statutory regulation, both regarding the principles, substance and techniques of its formation. Village regulations are legal products stipulated by the village head together with the village consultative body in administering village government (Fauziah, 2020). Apart from that, it must also involve the community. Community participation can be used as a means to discuss and agree on strategic matters in village regulations (Mar'ah et al., 2022).

In principle : The preparation of Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding livestock management is carried out by the chairman and members of the Teratak Rendah village BPD together with the village head. This regulation is determined by the village head of Teratak Rendah through a village regulation letter. This order is in accordance with the laws and regulations in force in Indonesia (Pedoman Pembentukan Dan Mekanisme Penyusunan Peraturan Desa, 2011). In Kuantan Singingi BPD is an institution formed by village communities according to needs and is a partner of the village government in empowering village communities. This BPD functions in establishing village regulations together with the village head and has the authority to discuss draft village regulations with the village head (Anonymous, 2009).

This teratak Rendah village regulation is the legal basis for administering teratak rendah village government. This village regulations is a type of legislation whose existence must be recognized because its drafting is in accordance with the provisions and characteristics of the village and community of Teratak Rendah village. In Principle, village regulations are decisions of the village community which are used as the basis for implementing village governance which aims to regulate life, protect the rights and obligations of the community and maintain community safety and order in the implementation of village government (Rosidin, 2019).

In substance : this Teratak Rendah village regulation contains the management of livestock in Teratak Rendah. The content of this regulation contains material on the context of carrying out village affairs and is a further elaboration of higher legislation.

Apart from the content of the regulations, another main thing that must be paid attention to is the language in the invitational legislation. The language used in the Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding livestock management is effective and easy to communicate to the community. In principle, grammar in legislation must be easy to communicate with the target public (Nurmawati, 2018) this also supported by the

digital literacy capabilities of village officials, which is the main aspect in supporting services to the community (Agus Saputri & Arisanti, 2021).

## CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### Conclusions

The formation of Teratak Rendah village regulations regarding the management of livestock has taken into account the requirements of a good statutory regulation, both regarding the principles, substance and techniques of its formation.

### Recommendations

Based on the implementation of the PKM activities carried out, the team has suggestions that can be used as material for further consideration, namely : for the Teratak Rendah village government, to form a village regulations for the Teratak Rendah village regulation regarding livestock management.

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